AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1/12/11

DUCOTE & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 219 NORTH WASHINGTON STREET P. O. BOX 309 MARKSVILLE, LA 71351

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2010 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2010 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Samuel G. Couvillon Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court Marksville, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and remaining fund information, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 6 and 28, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information schedules listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

• Members •

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 10, 2010 on our consideration of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and our tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

DUCOTE & COMPANY

Marksville, Louisiana December 10, 2010

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Our discussion and analysis of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide Financial Statements) provides information about the activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Clerk of Court's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 10. For governmental activities, theses statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Our auditors have provided assurance in their independent auditor's report that the basic financial statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information Schedules is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Annual Report.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about finances is, "Is the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on the Clerk of Court as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net assets and changes in them. You can think of net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Clerk of Court as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State laws.

The Clerk of Court uses only the governmental type of fund with the following accounting approach. Most of the basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Clerk of Court's programs. We describe the relationship

(or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations immediately following the fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

- As a result of this year's operations assets exceeded liabilities by \$628,332 (net assets) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total net assets are comprised of the following:
 - Invested in capital assets of \$88,788, including cost of office equipment, furniture and fixtures, and automobiles, net of accumulated depreciation.
 - (2) Unrestricted net assets of \$539,544 representing the portion available to maintain the continuing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- The governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$539,546, which was classified as unreserved. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$598,971 showing a decrease of \$59,427.
- Total spending for all judicial activities was \$1,338,949, which was \$59,427 more than program revenues for these activities of \$1,279,522.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities reports only one type of activity – governmental activities. All of the basic judicial services are reported as this type. Fines and fees charged to the public finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT AS A WHOLE

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Approximately 14% of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g. equipment). These assets are not available for future spending. The balance in unrestricted net assets is affected by required depreciation on assets being included in the statement of net assets for the first time.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CLERK OF COURT'S FUNDS

As we noted earlier, the Clerk of Court uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the Clerk of Court is being accountable for the resources provided to it but may also give you more insight into the overall financial health.

As the Clerk of Court completed the year, its governmental fund reported a fund balance of \$539,544. This reflects a decrease of \$59,427 from last year. The decrease is primarily the result of an overall increase in expenditures and a decrease in revenues and increase in capital expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for the General Fund was amended for this fiscal year to increase capital outlay by \$26,000 for additional equipment purchases and repairs and personal services and related benefits were increased by \$70,000 due to increases in health care costs and other employee benefits.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of June 30, 2010 was \$88,788.

This year there were \$43,373 of additions and there were no deletions. More detailed information about the capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's finances and to show the Clerk of Court's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Samuel Couvillon, Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court, P.O. Box 219, Marksville, LA 71351 at phone number 318-253-7523.

December 10, 2010

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Cash and cash equivalents \$210,233 Investments 320,000 Receivables - fees, charges, and commissions 29,657 Accrued interest receivable 6,289 Prepaid expenses 449 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 88,788 TOTAL ASSETS \$655,416 LIABILITIES \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788 Unrestricted 539,544	ASSETS	
Receivables - fees, charges, and commissions Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll deductions payable Unclaimed property TOTAL LIABILITIES ACCOUNT PAYABLETS TOTAL LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES Receivables 17,155	Cash and cash equivalents	\$210,233
Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) TOTAL ASSETS \$655,416 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll deductions payable Unclaimed property TOTAL LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Payroll deductions payable TOTAL LIABILITIES Investment in capital assets 88,788	Investments	320,000
Prepaid expenses 449 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 88,788 TOTAL ASSETS \$655,416 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29,657
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 88,788 TOTAL ASSETS \$655,416 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	Accrued interest receivable	6,289
TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	449
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>88,788</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788		
Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	TOTAL ASSETS	\$655,41 <u>6</u>
Accounts Payable \$6,780 Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788		
Payroll deductions payable 17,155 Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	LIABILITIES	
Unclaimed property 3,149 TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	Accounts Payable	\$6,780
TOTAL LIABILITIES 27,084 NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	Payroll deductions payable	17,155
NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788	Unclaimed property	3,149
NET ASSETS Investment in capital assets 88,788		
Investment in capital assets 88,788	TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,084
Investment in capital assets 88,788		
	NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted 539,544	Investment in capital assets	88,788
	Unrestricted	539,544
TOTAL NET ASSETS \$628.332	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$628.332

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

General government	
Personal service and related benefit	\$832,728
Operating Services	377,110
Materials and supplies	74,609
Travel and other charges	11,129
Depreciation Expense	37,240
Total Program expenses	1,332,816
Program Revenues	
Licenses and permits	7,782
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Court costs, fees, and charges	745,980
Fees for recording legal documents	374,989
Fees for certified copies of documents	83,497
Miscellaneous	41,101
Total program revenues	1,253,349
Net program expenses	(79,467)
General revenues:	
Interest earnings	26,173
Changes in net assets	(53,294)
Net assets - beginning of year	681,627
Net assets - end of year	\$628,332

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE , LOUISIANA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2010

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables - fees, charges, and commissions Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$210,233 320,000 29,657 6,289 449
TOTAL ASSETS	\$566,628
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll deductions payable Unclaimed property TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$6,780 17,155 3,149 27,084
FUND EQUITY Fund Balance Unreserved - undesignated	539,544
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	539,544
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$566,628

Statement D

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Total fund balances at June 30, 2010 - governmental funds (Statement C)		\$539,544	
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2010 Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2010	745,913 657,125	88,788	
Long term liabilities at June 30, 2010		0	
Net Assets at June 30, 2010 (Statement A)		\$628 332	

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Licenses and permits	\$7,782
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Court costs, fees, and charges	745,980
Fees for recording legal documents	374,989
Fees for certified copies of documents	83,497
Miscellaneous	41,101
Use of money and property:	
Interest earnings	26.173
Total revenues	1,279,522
EXPENDITURES	
General government	
Personal service and related benefit	832,728
Operating Services	377,110
Materials and supplies	74,609
Travel and other charges	11,129
Capital outlay	43,373
Total Expenditures	1,338,949
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(59,427)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	598,971
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$539,544

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (Statement E)

\$(59,427)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation for the period.

6.133

Changes in net assets of governmental activities (Statement B)

\$ (53,294)

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA STATMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$78,279 1,095,000	\$1,208,119 0	\$1,286,398 1,095,000
NSF Receivable		0	786
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,174,065	\$1,208,119	\$2,382,184
LIABILITIES			
Unclaimed property Unsettled deposits	8,485 1,165,580	1,208,119	8,485 2,373,699
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$1,174,065	\$1,208,119	\$2,382,184

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2010

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the clerk of court serves as the exofficio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The clerk of court is elected for a four-year term.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In June of 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

For the first time the financial statements include:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Clerk's overall financial position and results of operations,

Financial statements prepared using the full accrual accounting for all of the Clerk's activities.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to the financial statements).

B. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Avoyelles Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

- 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)
- **B. REPORTING ENTITY, (Continued)**
 - 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
 - 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
 - Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data
 of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

The Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity, has determined that the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court is not a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury. The accompanying financial statements, therefore, present information only on the funds maintained by the clerk of court and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise that financial reporting entity.

C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The clerk of court's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the clerk or court as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the clerk's major fund). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All activities of the clerk are classified as governmental.

The Statement of Net Assets (Statement A) and the Statement of Activities (Statement B) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the clerk, except fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

In the Statement of Net Assets, governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognized all long-term assets and receivable as well as long-term obligations. Net assets are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of any related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gain, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gain, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

Program Revenues – Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from parties outside the clerk's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the clerk's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses – The clerk reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function.

D. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the clerk are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the clerk. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The clerk of court's current operations requires the use of only governmental and fiduciary funds. The governmental and fiduciary fund types used by the clerk are described as follows:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all or most of the clerk's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the Clerk of Court.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

D. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

General Fund – the primary operating fund of the clerk and it accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to clerk policy.

Fiduciary Funds

The Advance Deposit, and Registry of Court agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

E. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental funds and the fiduciary type agency funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The clerk considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

E. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Revenues

Intergovernmental revenue, recording, cancellations, court attendance, criminal costs, and other fees, charges, and commissions for services are recorded in the year in which they are earned.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured and the income is available.

Substantially all other revenues are recognized when received by the clerk of court.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

F. BUDGET PRACTICES

The proposed budget for the 2010 fiscal year was made available for public inspection at the clerk's office on June 3, 2010. The proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, was published in the official journal 10 days prior to the public hearing. The budget hearing was held at the clerk's office on June 12, 2010. The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the clerk. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is not employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the clerk of court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the clerk of court may invest in the United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at cost.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued)

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The clerk maintains a threshold level of \$250 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Equipment	5 - 10 years

1. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The clerk of court has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave: Employees of the clerk's office earn two weeks of vacation leave each year. Vacation leave must be used in the year earned, Employees are allowed seven days of sick leave each year. Sick leave is noncumulative.

There are no accumulated or vested vacation and sick leave benefits which require accrual to conform with generally accepted accounting principles.

J. FUND EQUITY

Reserves

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

Designated Fund Balances

Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

K. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of support and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2010, the clerk of court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$1,496,631 as follows:

Petty cash	\$	50
Cash on hand	84,744	
Demand deposits	20	3,718
Interest bearing demand deposits	1,2(8,119
Total	\$ 1,49	96,631

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledge securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2010, the clerk has \$3,078,999 in deposits (collected bank balances including cash and investments). These deposits are secured from risk by \$3,078,999 of federal deposit insurance and did not require the pledging of securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the clerk of court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

3. INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2010, the clerk of court holds investments totaling \$1,415,000 as follows:

	Carrying Amount	Market <u>Value</u>
Certificates of Deposits	<u>\$1,415,000</u>	<u>\$1,415,000</u>
Total	<u>\$1,415,000</u>	<u>\$1,415,000</u>

These investments are stated on the balance sheet at cost. The investments are in the name of the clerk and are held at the clerk's office. Because the certificates are in the name of the clerk and are held by the clerk or the clerk's agent, the certificates are considered insured and registered, Category 3, in applying the credit risk of GASB Codification Section 150.164.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the general fund totaled \$29,598 at June 30, 2010 detailed as follows:

Accounts Receivable	
Current	\$24.004
Over 30 days	846
Over 60 days	4,807
Total Receivables	\$29,567

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Balance June 30, 2009 Fiscal Year 2009-10:	\$ 702,540
Additions Deletions	43,373
Balance June 30, 2010	745,913
Less accumulated depreciation	657,125
Net Capital Assets	\$ 88,788

6. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND BALANCES

A summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits follows:

Unsettled Deposits at Beginning of Year		Additions Reductions		Unsettled Deposits at End of Year			
Agency funds: Advance Deposit Registry of Court	\$	1,159,674 407,327	\$	1,290,401 933,537	\$ 1,284,496 132,746	\$	1,165,580 1,208,119
Total		\$1,567,001	<u>-</u>	\$2,223,939	 \$1,417,241		\$2,373,699

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

7. PENSION PLAN

Ptan Description. Substantially all employees of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their Final-average salary is the employee's average salary not to exceed 100 percent of their final average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (504) 293-1162.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent (one-half of one percent for Orleans Parish) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$135,882, \$119,450, and \$104,324, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Beginning in July 2000 the Clerk elected to participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan State of Louisiana, a component unit of the State of Louisiana. The plan offers its participants (eligible public employees) a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributed to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the State (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the State's general creditors. Participant's rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the State in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the opinion of the State's legal counsel that the State has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The State believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the clerk's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the clerk of court. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the clerk of court. The clerk of court recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the clerk's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due. The cost of providing these benefits for the 7 retirees is not separable from the cost of providing benefits for the 17 active employees.

Plan Description. The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan ("the Retiree Health Plan") provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The Retiree Health Plan is affiliated with the Louisiana Clerk of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT), an agent multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Clerk of Court Association.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees. The Clerk contributes 100% of the cost of the current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and 50% of the cost for retired plan members' spouses and dependent children. For fiscal year 2010, the Clerk contributed \$49,946 to the plan and the retirees contributed \$14,637.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. For 2010, the Clerk's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Clerk's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Clerk's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

\$114,968
-
<u></u>
114,968
(49,946)
65,022
<u>.</u>
\$65,022

The Clerk's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2010 is as follows:

Fiscal			Perce	entage of		
Year	Aı	nnual	Annu	ual OPEB	Ne	et OPEB
Ended	OPE	B Cost	Cost (Contriubed	_0	bligation
6/30/2010	\$	114,968	4	3.4%	\$	65.021

Funded Status and Funding Process. As of June 30, 2009, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,769,236 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$579,132, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability to the covered payroll was 305.5%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer an plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements, (Continued)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

In the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation (the most recent actuarial valuation available), the entry age actuarial cost method was used. Based on the Clerk's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 4.0% was used. In addition, the actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5% after 10 years. The Clerk's unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over 30 years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)-	AAL	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	<u>(b)</u>	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
6/30/2009	\$0	\$1,769,236	\$1,769,236	0.0%	\$579,132	305.5%

11. LITIGATION

At June 30, 2010, the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court was not involved in any litigation and legal counsel is not aware of any unasserted claims.

12. EXPENDITURES OF CLERK OF COURT PAID BY THE PARISH POLICE JURY

Certain operating expenditures of the clerk's office are paid by the parish police jury are not included in the accompanying financial statements. These expenditures are summarized as follows:

Property/General liability insurance	<u>\$1,080</u>		
Total	\$1,080		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance- favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES	#0.500	\$0 c00	#2 700	\$174D)
Licenses and permits	\$8,500	\$8,500	\$7,782	\$(718)
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	650,000	650,000	745,980	05.000
Court costs, fees, and charges	400,000	400,000	374,989	95,980
Fees for recording legal documents	80,000	80,000	83,497	(25,011)
Fees for certified copies of documents Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	41,101	3,497
Use of money and property:	5,000	5,000	₩ 1, IU!	36,101
Interest earnings	55,000	55,000	26,173	(28,827)
Total revenues	1,198,500	1,198,500	1,279,522	81,022
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Personal service and related benefit	755,000	825,000	832,728	(7,728)
Operating Services	325,000	325,000	377,110	(52,110)
Materials and supplies	100,000	100,000	74,609	25,391
Travel and other charges	500	500	11,129	(10,629)
Capital outlay	10,000	36,000	43,373	(7,373)
Total Expenditures	1,190,500	1,286,500	1,338,949	(52,449)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	8,000	(88,000)	(59,427)	28,573
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Appropriations to other governmental units	(5,000)	(5,000)	0	5,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER				•
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	3,000	(93,000)	(59,427)	33,573
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	598,971	598,971	598,971	0
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$601,971	\$505,971	\$539,544	\$33,573

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

A proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is published in the official journal at least ten days prior to the public hearing. A public hearing is held at the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's office during the month of June for comments from taxpayers. The budget is then legally adopted by the clerk and amended during the year, as necessary. The budget is established and controlled by the clerk at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be re-appropriated for the following year to be expended.

Formal budgetary integration within the accounting records is not employed as a management control device during the year. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule include the original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS

ADVANCE DEPOSIT FUND

The Advance Deposit fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

REGISTRY OF COURT FUND

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment had been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon order of the court.

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT MARKSVILLE, LOUISIANA FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN UNSETTLED DEPOSITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court Fund	Total
UNSETTLED DEPOSITS AT			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$1,159,6 74	\$407,327	\$1,567,001
Additions			
Deposits			
Suits and Successions	1,290,379	0	1,290,379
Judgements	0	932,004	932,004
Interest earnings on investments	22	1,533	1,555
Total Additions	1,290,401	933,537	2,223,939
Reductions			
Clerk's costs (transferred to General Fund)	724,574	0	724,574
Settlements to litigants	321,640	131,674	453,314
Attorney, curator, and notary	9,981	0	9,981
Judge's fees	49,336	0	49,336
Witnesses, appraisers, etc	1,610	0	1,610
Sheriff's fees	153,726	0	153,726
Other reductions	23,630	1,071	24,701
Total Reductions	1,284,496	132,746	1,417,241
UNSETTLED DEPOSITS AT END OF YEAR	\$1,165,580	\$1,208,119	\$2,373,699

REPORTS REQUIRED BY
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
PART IV

Aloysia C. Ducote, CPA, PC Joan S. Ducote, CPA, PC Hope J. Gagnard, CPA, PC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Honorable Samuel G. Couvillion Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court Marksville, Louisiana

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purposed described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

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Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants This report is intended for the information and use of the management of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court and for filing with the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified users. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY

Marksville, Louisiana December 10, 2010

Youte " Company

Schedule of Audit Results, Findings, and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified not	yes	<u>x</u> no
Considered to be material weakness(es)	yes	<u>x</u> _nc
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>x</u> _nc
Section II - Summary of Current Year Audit Findings		
None		

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Fiscal		Corrective	Planned Corrective
Finding	Year Finding		Action	Action / Partial
Ref No.	Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	<u>Taken</u>	<u>Action Taken</u>

Section I-Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

None reported in prior year.

Section II-Management Letter

None reported in prior year.

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Name of Contact Anticipated

Ref No. Description of Finding Corrective Action Planned Person Completion Date

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

None

Section II - Management Letter Comments

None